PROSPECTIVE DIRECTIONS OF MODERNIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Iskandarov B.A.

assistant of SamIES Samarkand, Uzbekistan

Annotation: This article discusses the national labor market and its features, provides statistical data on the structure of the labor market, presents a program to increase the level of employment of the population during the period of economic recovery after the pandemic

Keywords: labor market, labor market mechanism, employment, active employment policy, unemployment, fight against unemployment

During the years of independence, on the initiative of our President, a lot of work has been done to reform agriculture. The introduction of scientific and technical achievements, new equipment and advanced technologies into production is accelerating year by year, increasing the efficiency of using limited land and water resources, capital and labor resources.

Today, in order to modernize agriculture, technical and technological renewal and create a fully competitive environment, which is an important factor in entering the world market, in order to strengthen the position of our exporters in foreign markets in the face of unfavorable price conditions for major export positions and declining consumer demand in some trading partners. In the past period, along with measures to increase the competitiveness of products, measures have been taken to expand the volume and range of our national exports.

In the framework of the program for the development of the service sector in 2012-2016, more than 33 billion soums of loans of "Microcreditbank" were directed to the organization and development of service infrastructure. In general, since the beginning of this year, more than 10,000 service projects have been implemented.

In general, due to the measures taken to accelerate the development of the service sector and expand the use of modern services by the rural population, the share of this sector in GDP reached 50.1%.

As part of the state program to improve the reclamation of irrigated lands and the rational use of water resources in 2013-2017, since the beginning of this year, the Fund for Improvement of Irrigated Lands has invested 81.4 billion soums. As a result, 739.8 km of collector-drainage networks were repaired.

This year, thanks to the diligence and selfless work of our farmers, as a result of measures taken to ensure the rational use of irrigation water, a rich harvest of agricultural products has been grown and harvested in the past. In particular, 6.7 million tons of vegetables, 1.9 million tons of potatoes, 1.2 million tons of melons, 1.7 million tons of fruits and 991.6 thousand tons of grapes were grown in the first nine months of this year.

In order to provide the population of the country with fruits and vegetables in the warehouses and freezers of processing enterprises and social organizations in the amount of 74.2 thousand tons of basic food products, including 11.3 thousand tons of potatoes, 24.3 thousand tons of fruits, 4.3 thousand tons of melons, 4.2 thousand tons of rice and other products.

Since the beginning of this year, more than 2,000 projects for the development of livestock for 53,000 head of cattle, 788 projects for the development of poultry for 10.3 million birds, 747 projects for fish farming, as well as 828 projects for the development of beekeeping have been implemented. Commercial banks have allocated 185 billion soums for the development of livestock, 85.5 billion soums for the establishment of poultry farms, 15.2 billion soums for the development of fisheries and beekeeping.

In 2014, 1.5 trillion soums were invested in the development of the social sphere, housing construction and improvement of housing in the framework of the program of individual housing construction on standard projects in rural areas. 10,830 detached houses built on the basis of standard designs have been commissioned in new rural areas.

The main focus in the further development of agriculture in our country is to deepen reforms in the agricultural sector, to sharply improve the living standards of the rural population on the basis of full market principles in the production and management processes, and to consistently implement a promising program for agricultural development.

It should be noted that further deepening of economic reforms in the agricultural sector, implementation of economic relations between all entities to improve property relations and forms of management, improving the mechanism of land use in agriculture and encouraging efficient use of agricultural land in all regions.

It is expedient to comprehensively develop the livestock sector, increase its productivity, mainly by improving the breed of livestock, rational use of natural resources for the integrated development of forestry and the development of a system of ecological status of the regions in terms of environmental protection.

In agriculture, in particular, equipping small private enterprises specializing in the storage and processing of livestock and fruits and vegetables with modern equipment and technologies, launching raw material processing facilities, modernization of existing enterprises, benefits for exporting raw fruits and vegetables and finished products development and improvement of the system of services in rural areas, support for the activities of entities that are rapidly adapting to the market, as well as improving the system of finance, credit, tax and insurance in agriculture, development of agricultural technology and the introduction of scientific advances. efficient use of labor resources in the economy and increase the income of the population. work needs to be done.

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